[XXVth Year.] THE [No. 1266.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1769.

PODOLIA, *August* 24.

ON the 16th Inſtant the Ruſſian Army, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, quitted the Foreſt of Buckowina, and repaſſed the Nieſter. This Foreſt, which is ſituated ſome Diſtance from Choczim, is 15 Miles in Extent, and is famous in Hiſtory for the Defeat of the Poliſh Army by the Tartars. The Turks being informed of this Retreat, fell upon the Rear-Guard, and killed a great Number of the Ruſſians, and the Boats which they had thrown over the River breaking, owing to the very great Crouds that got into them, near 3000 of their Troops were drowned in the Nieſter, and 30 Pieces of Cannon fell into the Hands of the Turks. On the 17th, a large Detachment of Turks croſſed the Nieſter, and attacked the Advanced-Guards of the Ruſſians, commanded by Prince Proſorowſki. This Engagement proved very bloody on both Sides. The ſame Day another Body of Turks croſſed the River, and engaged the Ruſſians near Krakos. On the 18th, a Third Body of the Ottoman Troops, conſiſting of 5000 Men, paſſed the Nieſter, and marched towards Staniſlawow, where it will encamp, and the Commander is ordered to ſtand his Ground.

The whole Ruſſian Army is now in Poland, in order to take Reſt and cover their Magazines. The different Engagements they have had with the Enemy have been bloody enough. The Turks always attack with great Impetuoſity, but without Order, and when boldly reſiſted cannot ſtand their Ground. Nevertheleſs they have one Advantage over the Ruſſians, which is, that their Cavalry are more numerous. The Turks endeavour always to avoid coming to a general Engagement, and ſeem determined to deſtroy the Ruſſian Army by Piecemeal.

BRESCIA, *Auguſt* 24. Since we had the Misfortune of having our Powder Magazine blown up, Three Days have been ſpent in digging out of the Ruins about Two Thouſand dead Bodies, and Five Hundred People, who, though they are ſtill alive, are dangerouſly bruiſed. Orders have been ſent from Venice, to leave off ſearching for the dead Bodies, as the Corruption of ſo many might affect the Air, and occaſion ſeveral Diſtempers. The Damages ſuffered by this deplorable Accident are eſtimated at Two Millions of Ducats.

BERLIN, *Sept.* 9. On the 4th Inſtant Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick dined with Sir Andrew Mitchel, Miniſter Plenipotentiary from England, and next Day ſet out on his Return to Brunſwick. Many People are ſtill of Opinion that our Court has concerted ſome Meaſures for putting a Stop to the Troubles of Poland.

The King of Pruſſia, having finiſhed the Reviews of his Troops in Sileſia, returned on the 6th to Potzdam, in perfect Health.

PARIS, *Sept.* 11. It is ſaid the Dutch have offered to advance Forty Millions of Livres at Three per Cent. to reſtore the Credit of our Eaſt-India Company, and to enable it to go on with Trade, provided Security is given for Repayment of that Sum within Ten Months.

Advice is ſaid to have been received, that Heyder Ally Khan, after gaining many great Advantages over the Engliſh, had laid Siege to, and taken Madraſs; but the Report of his claiming the Aſſiſtance of the French is without Foundation, as he thought himſelf ſufficiently ſtrong without it.

PARIS, *Sept.* 18. A Convention is juſt made public, which was concluded in May laſt, between the King and the Empreſs Queen of Hungary, for ſettling the Limits of their reſpective Dominions in the Low Countries.

HAGUE, *Sept.* 19. Whatever may be given out, with Reſpect to the Deſtination of the Ruſſian Fleet, which at preſent makes ſo much Noiſe in the World, it is hardly to be ſuppoſed that Fleet can undertake a Voyage to the Archipelago at this advanced Seaſon; and People begin to think now, with a greater Appearance of Probability, that it is intended to watch the Motions of the Danes and Swedes, whom the Court of Peterſburg cannot but look upon with a jealous Eye, on Account of their Connexions with France, from which Court both of them receive conſiderable Subſidies.

The ill Succeſs which the Ruſſians met with in croſſing the Nieſter, in which they ſuffered a great Loſs, both of Men and Artillery, and all the Diſaſters that have happened to them ſince they took the Field, are attributed to the ill Conduct of Prince Gallitzin, which is the Reaſon of his being recalled; and it is thought he will be no more employed.

LONDON,

Sept. 16. Though we have before given an Account of the Accident at Breſcia by the blowing up of the Powder Magazine, yet the following contains ſo many Particulars of that Affair, that we thought we could not omit laying it before our Readers:

Extract of a Letter from Verona, September 6.

"On the 18th of Auguſt, about Eight in the Morning, the Lightning fell at Breſcia, upon a Magazine, in which were about Twelve Thouſand Rubbi of fine Cannon Powder, which was to have been ſent to Venice on the 5th of this Month. This Powder inſtantly took fire, and the Exploſion was ſo great, that it overturned about a Sixth Part of the Houſes in the Town, and, according to the beſt Information we have hitherto been able to receive, buried near 5000 Perſons under their Ruins. Belonging to the above Magazine was a Tower built of large Stones, which blew up at the ſame Time, and falling like Hail upon the Churches, Houſes, and other Buildings, ſhattered them from the very Roofs to the Cellars: Several other Fragments of Stones, launched horizontally, unroofed the Houſes, pierced the Walls, and beat down the moſt ſolid Buildings. One of thoſe Fragments driven by the Violence of the Shock to the Diſtance of Half a Mile, there beat to Pieces a Houſe on which it fell, and buried Five Perſons under the Ruins. In ſhort there is not ſo much as one Edifice, which has not ſuffered more or leſs by this terrible Event. All the Streets are covered with Ruins of every Sort, and beſides the Houſes beat down from Top to Bottom, upwards of 500 more threatening every Moment to fall. The Exploſion was ſo violent, that the ſtrongeſt Faſtenings, at 18 Miles diſtance, were forced open: Some Pieces of Stone carried Ten Miles, and a Cannon of Twenty-five Cwt. driven Two Miles and an Half. The Fields near the Baſtion, on which the Lightning fell, are entirely burnt up, and covered with the Ruins of the Houſes beat down, which were driven there, Trees torn up by the Roots and ſhattered, and with dead Bodies. All the Shops in the Town were forced open by the Violence of the Shock, and many of the Doors belonging to the Houſes carried up into the Air and ſhattered to Pieces. In ſhort, through the whole City, not One Square of Glaſs remains unbroken. The Damage as yet is eſtimated at Four Millions of Phillippis; and the Government has appointed Two Thouſand Men to clear away the Ruins, and ſave, if poſſible, the Numbers of unfortunate People, who are almoſt entirely buried beneath them, making the Air reſound with the moſt horrible Cries."

Sept. 19. By certain Intelligence from the different Sea Ports in France, our Court is poſitively informed that the French will have 16 Ships of the Line, fully manned, and ſtationed in the Mediterranean, by the latter End of this Week.

It is ſaid that if any Oppoſition is made to the Courſe of the Ruſſian Ships, by the French, it will be in the Mediterranean, by a Power from Toulon.

It is ſaid that a cautionary Notice is given to the Court of France, from more than one Naval Power in Alliance with the Court of Peterſburg, that if any Interruption be given to the Ruſſian Fleet, in its Progreſs to the Archipelago, ſufficient Aid will be immediately furniſhed to Ruſſia to make ample Reprifals.

It is ſaid, that 14 Sail out of 21 of the Ruſſian Fleet, are put into Copenhagen.

The following Paragraph in the Buckingham Remonſtrance and Petition, ſets forth the Violation of our Rights in the cleareſt Light to the meaneſt Capacity.

"We preſume, at the ſame Time, moſt humbly to remonſtrate, that it is declared by Magna Charta, that no Freeman ſhall be diſſeized of his Freehold or Liberties, but by lawful Judgment of his Peers, or by the Law of the Land." And it is declared by the Bill of Rights, ſay they, "That Election of Members of Parliament ought to be free; by Virtue of theſe Two ſacred Laws, and other Fundamental Principles of the Conſtitution, all the Electors of Great-Britain have an undoubted Right to elect, by a Majority of legal Votes, any Perſon for their Repreſentative, who is not rendered incapable of that high Truſt by the Law of the Land. We are thoroughly ſenſible (they continue) that the Houſe of Commons may alſo judiciaſly determine upon the Election of Members of their own Body; but the Law of the Land is ſuperior to, and cannot be ſuperceded by any Reſolution of either Houſe of Parliament. No new Incapacity can be enacted, except by the Authority of the whole Legiſlature; the Claim of either Houſe of Parliament to make Ordinances, which ſhould have the Force of Laws, hath once already proved fatal to the Crown, and to the Conſtitution, and will, we fear, if the Exerciſe of it be tolerated, prove again deſtructive to both," &c. &c.

A Letter from Deal, dated the 17th Inſtant, mentions, that a ſmall French Frigate arrived in the Downs, without lowering her Pendant to the King's Ships, as is cuſtomary, though Captain Holwell, of the Glory, ſent an Officer on board, to let the Commander know it was a Reſpect due from him, and muſt be paid by all Foreign Ships in the Britiſh Seas. The French Officer, however, refuſed to do it, 'til Captain Holwell ſent the Hawke Sloop along-ſide of him, to tell him he muſt lower his Pendant to him, or he ſhould be compelled to do it; the Frenchman heſitated; the Hawke fired Two Shot; and then the French Captain lowered his Pendant, which was all that paſſed on this Occaſion.

It is ſaid, that a certain patriotic Divine has been, within theſe few Weeks, preſented with the Reverſion of a conſiderable Living, in the Gift of a popular Nobleman. (Lord Sh.)

It was this Day at Noon reported at Change, that an Expreſs had arrived, by the Way of Holland, at the India-Houſe, with the diſagreeable News of Heyder Ally having made himſelf Maſter of Madraſs, which had ſuch Effect in the Alley, that India Stock fell inſtantly Four per Cent. and was done at 222.

It is obſervable that there are more reſpectable Names already to the Aſhburn Petition, than to all thoſe which have been hitherto preſented. This Liſt of Names undoubtedly is a plain Contradiction to the Aſſertion of a certain Nobleman's Club, that there were none inclined to petition but the *Sons of the Earth*.

On Friday Captain Lee, of the Aurora Frigate, who carries the Three Supervifors to India, received, by Order of the Directors, the Sum of 2000 l. as a Preſent for their Paſſage, and he will be paid 1000 l. more on his Arrival in India.

Notwithſtanding the late Boaſt of the Strength of the French Navy, yet it is well known to be very inconſiderable: It is true, they have a Number of Ships, a Liſt of the pompous Names of which was the other Day publiſhed in our Papers; but then, thoſe that are acquainted with the State of the Marine of that Kingdom, aver, that they would find the greateſt Difficulty, even in the Time of War, to Man Twenty of them.

The above is not to be wondered at, when it is conſidered, that the French have loſt moſt of their Seminaries for Seamen. Their Eaſt-India Trade is, in a Manner, gone; and indeed every Thing elſe, except their Newfoundland Fiſhery, and Weſt-India Sugar Iſlands.

It is the more remarkable, as it came from the Mouth of a Frenchman, and one who is neareſt the Perſon of the Repreſentative of that Nation here; but he declared it to be his Opinion, that the very Veſſels which we took from the French the laſt War, would be ſufficient to overcome the whole Naval Power of France.

Sept. 23. A very conſiderable Wager was laid Yeſterday, between Two Gentlemen at a Coffee Houſe, not far from St. James's, that we ſhould have a War with France before Midſummer-Day next.

It is confidently ſaid, that a very conſiderable Sum was paid by one Court to another, at concluding the Peace, as INDEMNIFICATION-MONEY, which, though not altering the Property, evades the Nature of a late Charge.

The Earl of Chatham has publicly declared within this Fortnight, that certain Proceedings, with Regard to Mr. Luttrell's Election, are illegal, *in Toto et in Parte*. But it is an Illegality of that Kind, which cannot be remedied by the preſent P————t, and no Redreſs can be obtained but by another.

On Thurſday Evening, General Paoli paid a Viſit to the Earl of Rochfort, at his Houſe in Berkeley-Square, with whom he ſtaid near Two Hours.

Yeſterday his Grace the Duke of Queenſborough, and ſeveral others of the Nobility, viſited General Paoli at his Apartments in Bond-Street.

Letters from France, by Yeſterday's Mail, mention, that Accounts have been received in that City, from Warſaw, that the Ruſſian Army has been obliged to retire from before the Fortreſs of Choczim with Precipitation, and repaſs the Nieſter, with the Turks upon their Rear. That the Confederates of Bar, amounting to 54,000 Men, were poſted on one of the Flanks, and the Chan of Tartary, whoſe Army was compoſed of 90,000 Men, on the other, ſo that it was ſuppoſed, from Prince Gallitzin's Situation between ſo many Fires, the next Letters would bring Advice of his having been entirely driven out of Poland.

It is believed, by all keen ſighted Politicians, that the Ruſſian Expedition in the Mediterranean cannot fail to involve almoſt all the Maritime Powers in Europe, in the Diſputes reſpecting the Affairs of Poland, however remote from that Country. The Turks are but in Fact the firſt Tools of that Court, which has taken on itſelf to ſupport the Catholic Intereſt againſt the Proteſtant in Poland. Others will be drawn in by it, in Conſequence of this bold and extraordinary Step of Ruſſia, to declare themſelves; and neither the Friends of the Proteſtant Cauſe, nor the Allies of Ruſſia, will certainly ſit in a paſſive State, and ſee the Empreſs borne hard upon, for the noble Part ſhe has taken, of protecting hitherto, by her ſole Power, the REFORMED CHURCH in that Country.

The Politicians at the Hague are much at a Loſs to find out the Motive and Reſult of the late Interview between the Emperor and the King of Pruſſia, at Neiſs; but ſome, who pretend to more Knowledge than the reſt, inſiſt upon it, that the Affairs of Poland were the principal Object of their Meeting, and that the World will ſoon ſee ſome very important Steps taken for the Relief of that unhappy Kingdom, in Conſequence of the Meaſures concerted by theſe Two Monarchs.

A certain Great Perſonage has declared, that if the Weather holds tolerably good, he will not quit his Country Reſidence till the End of November. From the above Circumſtances, and other Authority, it is imagined that the Parliament will not meet to do Buſineſs till after Chriſtmas, although they may meet to open the Seſſions in the Middle of December.

They write from Amſterdam, that Mademoiſelle Caron, who is very celebrated as a Portrait Painter, has taken a ſtriking Likeneſs of General Paoli, which when ſhe had finiſhed, ſhe aſked the General what Dreſs ſhe ſhould give him; to which he is ſaid to have made Anſwer, "If you would give me the Dreſs moſt ſuitable to my Condition, you would repreſent me in my Shirt, for the King of France has taken Care to ſtrip me."

It is aſſured, that Two of the Northern Powers have reſolved to ſet on Foot an Army of 80,000 Men each; and that the King of Sweden has given Orders to his Conſuls, in the Ports of the Mediterranean, to prevent

any of his Subjects from clapping an hand any Private employed to cruize againſt the Turks.

Beſides the Queen Man of War, of 90 Guns, which is to be launched this Day at Woolwich, there are now building at that Yard the Reſolution and Intrepid, Ships of War, of 64 Guns each. This laſt is the Ship, whoſe Timbers, Planks, &c. have been previouſly prepared, under the Inſpection of a Chymiſt, who has lately diſcovered a very cheap and eaſy Progreſs for preventing ſpeedy Decay and Rottenneſs in all Sorts of Wood.

Yeſterday Se'nnight a Petition was delivered to his Majeſty by Dennis De Berdt, Eſq; Agent for the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay; containing ſeveral Allegations againſt the Conduct of the Governor, (the Subſtance of which has been mentioned at different Times in the Reſolutions of the ſaid Houſe, &c.) and concludes with intreating his Majeſty "that his Excellency the Governor may be for ever removed from the Government of the ſaid Province, and that his Majeſty would be graciouſly pleaſed to place one in his Stead worthy to ſerve the greateſt and beſt Monarch on Earth."

Extract of a Letter from Kilkenny, dated Sept. 9, 1769.

"Laſt Tueſday Night, about One o'Clock, the Houſe of Mr. Michael Butler, of Kilmocahill, Farmer, was attacked by near 200 Horſemen, diſtinguiſhed by the Name of White-Boys, who broke open his Stable, and took out his Horſes, broke open all the Doors, demoliſhed his Windows, and drank and carried off a Quantity of Wines and other Liquors, and after committing many other ſhocking Outrages, dragged Mr. Butler out of the Houſe, and obliged him to ſwear never to take any Tythes from a Proctor, &c. On Sunday Night, about 300 of the ſame Mob attacked the Houſe of Mr. Brenan, Tythe Proctor, near Caſtlecomer, and, after breaking the Windows, forced open the Doors, and ſearched all Mr. Brenan's Papers, ſome of which they burnt, and committed other Outrages. A Regiment of Light Horſe is ſoon expected here, to be ſtationed in different Parts, ſo as to ſcour the Country on the ſhorteſt Notice."

Sept. 21. By a Perſon juſt arrived from Holland we hear, that the Approach of a General War throughout Europe, is at preſent the chief Subject of Converſation in that Country.

By ſome Ships, which arrived on Monday from the Baltic, there is Advice, that 14 Ruſſian Men of War were lying in Copenhagen Road, ready to put to Sea at a Minute's Warning.

The Danes have at preſent 30 Sail of the Line in excellent Condition, and at all Times keep 40,000 Seamen regiſtered.

It is ſaid the Danes are to aſſiſt the Ruſſians in their Operations againſt the Turks, and that the Dutchy of Holſtein will be ceded to the Crown of Denmark.

It is confidently aſſerted, that ſeveral of the Officers in Heyder Ally's Army, which is now ravaging the Carnatic, are Natives of Ireland and Scotland, and formerly bore Commiſſions in the Engliſh Service, but on being deprived of their uſual Allowance, called the *Batta* Money, by a certain great Officer in the Eaſt-India Company's Service, they threw up their Commiſſions with great Diſguſt, and followed the Fortunes of a Chief, who offered to reward their Merits in the moſt liberal Manner.

The Motive for the Offer made by the Dutch to ſupply the French with Money, ſufficient to ſupport their Company in the Eaſt Indies, is ſaid to ariſe from the Jealouſy that ſelfiſh People entertain of the Engliſh Power in thoſe Parts; for if the French cannot be reeſtabliſhed, the Mynheers, inſtead of reaping the Profits of the Diſputes between Great-Britain and her natural Enemy, as they have hitherto done, may probably be obliged to ſubmit to Regulations that may be very diſagreeable to them.

Sept. 25. On Thurſday laſt General Paoli viſited the Marquis of Rockingham, at his Houſe in Groſvenor-Square.

This Week General Paoli will be introduced to his Majeſty and the Royal Family.

General Paoli's Liveries are blue gray, turned up with green, and laced with Silver; the Waiſtcoat's green and laced. We are aſſured he is at preſent at a Lodging Houſe in Old Bond-Street. A Jew Merchant is with him, as his Agent and Interpreter.

It is ſaid that a Petition, for Redreſs of Grievances, may ſhortly be expected from the free Burgeſſes of Newcaſtle upon Tyne.

Alſo that the Petitions from the Counties of Glouceſter, Worceſter, and Wiltſhire, will ſhortly be preſented, notwithſtanding all Attempts to prevent the ſame.

We hear Orders are gone to all the Sea Ports in the Mediterranean, to prevent any Seamen of Great Britain to enter into foreign Service, and it is ſaid they are ſoon to be recalled home.

Thurſday about Noon a General Officer * was arreſted in Piccadilly, for the Sum of above l. He told the Bailiff, if he would go down with him to the Tilt-Yard, he ſhould there find a Friend whom he wanted to ſpeak to, and would afterwards, on his not giving Bail, go with him to a Spunging-Houſe. The Bailiff unſuſpectedly complied with his Requeſt, and when they came to the Horſe-Guards, the General Officer ſent for a Serjeant and a File of Muſqueteers to ſecure the Bailiff, on a Pretence that he had been inſulted by him, which they did, while the Priſoner found Means to eſcape, and has not ſince been heard of.

Friday Adjutant General Harvey ordered the Serjeant and his Men who favoured the Eſcape of the General Officer from the Bailiff, cloſe Priſoners to the Savoy. And the ſame Day waited on Lord Camden and Lord Mansfield, to receive their Opinions about the Steps that are proper to be taken with the Serjeant and his Men, on Occaſion of the General Officer's Arreſt.

* G——l G——l.

Sept. 30. Yeſterday the Right Hon. Samuel Turner, Eſq; Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, &c. met at Guildhall, from whence they went in Proceſſion to Church. After the Service was over, they proceeded to the Huſtings for the Election of a Lord Mayor, when Sir Henry Bankes produced a Bye-Law, in Oppoſition to Alderman Beckford's Nomination, which Bye-Law was made in the Reign of Henry the VIII. whereby it is enacted that "no Perſon, who has ſerved the Office of Lord Mayor, ſhall be put in nomination 'til the Expiration of Seven Years from the Time of his former Mayoralty." After the Livery had waited a conſiderable Time, they grew impatient; whereupon Mr. Sheriff Townſhend came forward, and informed them of the Cauſe of the Delay, and read the ſaid Bye-Law. He afterwards obſerved to them, that there was a Precedent in Sir John Bernard's Time; it was recommended to the Livery, if there was not ſuch a Bye-Law to make one. On which the Bye Laws of the City were ſent for, and a Precedent was read, ſetting forth, that Sir John Bernard, in the Year 1740, was a Second Time elected Lord Mayor of this City, after having ſerved in that Office within Two Years before. The Common Serjeant then made an Apology to the Livery, ſaying, this Bye-Law had eſcaped his Notice. They then proceeded to Election. Sir Henry Bankes was firſt put up, but had very few Hands; then Barlow Trecothick Eſq; and William Beckford, Eſq; when a prodigious Show of Hands appeared in their Favour. Alderman Trecothick and Beckford being returned to the Court of Aldermen, a Poll was demanded by Mr. Deputy Ellis, and Mr. Riley, in Favour of Sir Henry Bankes. The Books opened at Four o'Clock, and were cloſed at Five. On caſting up the Poll the Numbers were as follows:

For Mr. Beckford	462
Mr. Trecothick	459
Sir Henry Bankes	32

There were Twenty-one Aldermen preſent on the Huſtings.

The General-Officer who effected his eſcape from the Civil Officer by Means of a Military Command, while under Arreſt, did not, as was reported, ſurrender himſelf voluntarily; but was apprehended at Marybone, and from thence conveyed to the County Jail.

Wedneſday upon Writ of Habeas Corpus, the Body of the ſaid General was removed from Newgate before Lord Mansfield, at Cane-wood, near Highgate, and from thence committed to the Cuſtody of the Marſhal of the King's-Bench.

A certain General Officer has obtained Leave to ſell his Commiſſion, if no other Means can be found to ſatisfy his Creditors.

We hear Sir Francis Bernard will ſoon be appointed to ſet out for the Continent, in a public Character.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

St. James's, Sept. 20. This Day his Grace Auguſtus-Henry Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton, was inſtalled a Knight of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter.

BOSTON, *November* 27.

It is ſaid Gen. Draper is to be appointed to command in North-America, in the Room of Gen. Gage.

It was thought by ſome People in England, that General Draper, or ſome other Military Officer, will be appointed Governor of this Province.

Friday laſt a Den of Thieves, viz. 4. Men, and 2 Women, being diſcovered in this Town, and a large Quantity of Plate and other Goods found upon them, they were committed to Jail. As their Correſpondence is pretty extenſive on this Continent, it is thought they muſt bring out their Accomplices. It is reported that when thoſe concerned with them at Providence, Newport, New-York, Philadelphia, &c. had got any Booty, they conveyed it to their Correſpondents this Way, and likewiſe theſe to them, in order to prevent their being detected.

Nov. 20. Letters from London mention, that when Governor Bernard was introduced to his Majeſty, he met with a moſt gracious Reception; that he was to be appointed to ſome lucrative Poſt at Home; and that he was to have a Seat in the Houſe of Commons.

At the Levee of a Great Perſonage, Governor Bernard was aſked about the Climate of New-England, to which he replied, that tho' it was much in Extremes, very cold in Winter, and very warm in Summer, yet it was in general, very healthy. On which that Great Perſonage ſaid, "I ſuppoſe, Sir Francis, you found it very warm, during your Reſidence in it."

Nov. 23. We hear that the Rippon which ſailed from Boſton the 4th of Auguſt, made the Land the 31ſt of the ſame Month; and that on the 3d of September Sir Francis Bernard landed at Portſmouth: The 5th he arrived in London: The 6th he was preſented to His Majeſty, who did him the Honour of converſing with him for ſome Time: The 7th he was again at Court, in order to his being preſented to the Queen, but Her Majeſty did not come that Day to the Drawing-Room. The King again condecended to a Converſation with him longer than the Day before. We hear further, that great Civilities were ſhewn to Sir Francis by many Perſons of Diſtinction who were at Court. The Treaſury was under Adjournment, and it was a Time of general Vacation, and no Proſpect of any Buſineſs being done relative to America until Lord Hillſborough's Return from Ireland.—His Lordſhip was expected the Beginning of October. The Parliament, we hear, would not meet to do Buſineſs until after Chriſtmaſs.

Capt. Bartlet is arrived in London: In whom went Paſſenger the Hon. General Mackay.

We hear that the Hon. John Temple, Eſq; one of the American Board of Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, having, upon Application therefor, obtained Leave of Abſence, intends embarking for Great-Britain as ſoon as poſſible.

PHILADELPHIA.

By Captain Miller, from Savanna le Mar, in Jamaica, we learn, that on the 20th of October a Sloop was brought in there by Two Engliſhmen, which had been taken ſome Time before by a Spaniſh Guarda Coſta, who put ſix Spaniſh Soldiers, and an Officer, on board and left only the Two Engliſhmen to aſſiſt in working the Veſſel, with Orders to follow the Privateer that took them, to Carthagena; but the Engliſhmen altered the Sloop's Courſe in the Night, and ſteered to the Northward; the next Day, when the Spaniards loſt Sight of the Frigate, they were in great Confuſion, as they did not know which Way to look for the Land, and deſired the Engliſhmen to carry them into ſome Spaniſh Port, which they readily promiſed to do, but brought her ſafe to Anchor at the above Port; the Spaniards were ſo ignorant they did not know it was an Engliſh Port, 'til they went on Shore, and, to their great Surprize, found none but Engliſh about them. The Sloop belonged to Kingſton.

ANNAPOLIS, *December* 14.

The Right Hon. the Lord Proprietary has been pleaſed to nominate and appoint *John Morton Purdon*, Eſq; to be his Lordſhip's Agent and Receiver-General, in the room of *Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer*, Eſq;

We hear that Dr. *Thomas Sprigg Hanſon*, and Mr. *Andrew Hough*, are choſen Repreſentatives for *Frederick* County, in the room of *Thomas Jennings*, Eſq; diſqualified by his Acceptance of the Office of Attorney-General, and Mr. *Joſeph Chapline*, deceaſed.

As alſo, that Capt. *Edward Noel* is elected a Repreſentative for *Dorcheſter* County, in the room of Capt. *Philemon Lecompte*, deceaſed.

We have not as yet heard who are choſen in *Prince-George's* County.

To be ſold by the Subſcriber, living in Charles County, at the 25th Inſtant.

A PARCEL of very likely SLAVES, among which, are ſome Country-born ones. Credit will be given for Two or Three Years, on Intereſt, with Security, if required. Likewiſe ſome Horſes, and Houſehold Furniture to be diſpoſed of, with Land to leaſe for Fifteen Years. SAMUEL HANSON.

To be ſold at Public Vendue, on Wedneſday the 17th of January next, at the Houſe of Mr. Ignatius Middleton, *in* Port-Tobacco, *Charles County, for Sterling Caſh, or Current Money, as rated by the Inſpection Laws,*

A TRACT of LAND, containing, by Patent, 400 Acres, but will Meaſure more, lying on *Patuxmack* River, Two and an Half Miles below *Sandy* Point, on which are Three Plantations, that rent for 3000 lb. of Tobacco *per Ann.* The Soil is well adapted to either Planting or Farming. The Purchaſer, on paying One Half of the Purchaſe Money, at the Time of Conveyance, will be allowed a reaſonable Time for the Remainder, on giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Perſon inclinable to treat for ſaid Land, before the Day of Sale, may ſee the Premiſes, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcribers living near *Port-Tobacco.* EDWARD SCOTT WARE.

Annapolis, December 14, 1769.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Subſcriber has open'd School, at the Houſe lately occupied by Mr. CANNON, in *Market-Street*, where will be taught, after the moſt approved Methods, (with Care and Aſſiduity) Reading, with Propriety; Writing, in various Hands; Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal, in all its Branches; Extraction of the Square and Cube Roots; Biquadrate, &c. Menſuration of Superficies and Solids; Geometrical Problems and Definitions; Practical and Plain Geometry; Surveying; Gageing and Navigation; Dialling; Geography; and how to take Heights and Diſtances of Objects, acceſſible or inacceſſible. I alſo ſhall attend an Evening School, from 6 until 9 o'Clock, for the Advantage of thoſe whoſe Buſineſs will not permit to attend in the Day.——Thoſe that pleaſe to commit the Education of their Children, &c. to my Care, may be aſſured that no Opportunity ſhall be omited to inculcate the Principles of Virtue and Morality, as well as the other Branches of Literature,

by their humble Servant,
WILLIAM HUTCHINGS.

Port-Tobacco, December 12, 1769.

For FREIGHT *to any Port in* BRITAIN, PORTUGAL, *or* SPAIN,

THE Snow ADERTON, Burthen about 200 Tons, now lying at *Baltimore*. For Terms, apply to (w3) JERE ADERTON.

THE Members of the *Upper-Marlborough* Aſſembly, are deſired to meet at the Aſſembly-Room, on Tueſday the 19th of *December*.

Nov. 19, 1769.

WHEREAS my Wife, *Eliſabeth*, has eloped from my Bed and Board, without any juſt Cauſe, this is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from truſting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting, from the Date hereof.

JOHN GLOVER.

COMMITTED to *Queen-Anne's* County Jail, a Negro Man, named BOB, who ſays he belongs to *William Miles*, in *Somerſet* County. His Maſter is deſired to take him away, and pay Charges.

JAMES BUTLER, Jailor.

Baltimore-Town, November 30 1769.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody, as Runaways, the following Perſons, *viz.* MATHEW YOUNG, a tall down-looking young Fellow, born in *Ireland*, who with MICHAEL KELLEY, a ſhort ſquare ſet Fellow, ſay they ran away from a certain *James Stinſon*, at *Bull's-Ship*, near *Winchester*, in *Virginia*. HUMPHRY HILL, a Mulatto, who appears to be the ſame advertiſed by *William Walters*, in the *Maryland* Gazette. JEM or SAM, a new Negro, who ſays his Maſter's Name is *Jeremiah Bell*. He is about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, his Eyes appear ſore with the Cold, and can ſpeak but very little *Engliſh*. The reſpective Owners of the above Perſons, are deſired to come, pay Charges, and take them away, or elſe they will be ſold out for their Fees, by DANIEL CHAMIER, Sheriff.

Baltimore-Town, December 5, 1769.

LEFT in my Cuſtody, on the 5th of *November* laſt, a ſmall black HORSE, about 12 or 13 Hands high, wall-eyed, and branded on the near Buttock, G S. As ſaid Horſe was left by a Gentleman going from *Elk-Ridge* to *Philadelphia*, it is hoped he will call and take him away, otherwiſe he will be immediately ſold for his Stabling, by

WILLIAM ADAMS.

*** The aforeſaid Gentleman ſaid the Horſe belonged to Mr. *Hammond*.

Chefter-Town, Nov. 14, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Power given to us the Subscribers, by the Teſtament and Laſt Will of *George Garnett*, late of *Kent* County, deceaſed, the late Dwelling-Houſe and Lot of the ſaid *George Garnett*, ſituate on the *Key*-ſide, in *Cheſter-Town*, will be expoſed to Public Sale, at the Premiſes, on the 13th Day of *January* next, by

MARY GARNETT, & JOSEPH GARNETT, Executors of G. GARNETT.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Edward Kitten* Junr. living near *Elk-Ridge* Landing, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall roan Horſe, with a bald Face, and off hind Foot white as high as his Ham, branded on the near Flank with ſomething like an X. The Owner may have him again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, December 7, 1769.

ON inſpecting the Papers of Mr. *Joſhua Johnſon*, it appears that his Goods, imported in the ſhip *Lord Camden*, were ordered by his Letter to be ſhipped *April* 24, 1769, agreeable to his Intention ſignified in a former Letter, dated *Sept.* 16, 1768, which ſatisfies the Committee, that the Orders given were prior to the general Aſſociation.

Signed per Order,

THO. BROOK HODGKIN,
Nov. 21, 1769. Cl. eſpecially appointed.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Lord Cambden, *Captain* John Johnſton, *and to be ſold, by Wholeſale or Retail, by the Subſcriber, at his Store, in* Church-Street, *near the* Dock, *for Sterling Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Current Money*,

A COMPLETE Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, amongſt which are the following: *Stoughton's* Bitters, *Turlington's* Balſam, *Britiſh* Oil, *Hill's* Pectoral Balſam of Honey, Bardana, *Ward's* Head-ach Drops, *Anderſon's* Pills, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Sugar-Candy, Hyſon, Congo, and Bohea Teas, Sago, Fig Blue, Salt-Petre, *Durham* Muſtard, and Salad Oil, Lemons by the half Cheſt, Quarter Cheſt, or Dozen, a few genteel plain and ſtriped Luteſtrings, Ladies white and black Patent and other Silk Gloves and Mitts, Mens white Silk Gloves, white and colour'd Silk Stockings, Ermine and colour'd Silk Trimmings, black wove, Fan, white Blond and Lappet Lace; a genteel Aſſortment of Gauzes, Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons ſorted, Apron width Book-Muzlin, black and white Catgut, black and white *Paris* Net, Wax, mock Garnet and Pearl Necklaces, Garnet and Paſte Ear-Rings, yellow marking Canvaſs, Thread and Silk Turbands and Tippets, Ladies black Hat Feathers, black and white Oſtrich and Swan Plumes, with Two and Three Falls, Ladies genteel colour'd Sultana ditto, *China* Egrets, flowered and Blond ditto, Silver Sprigs, Ladies Breaſt Flowers, new faſhioned Stomachers and Sleeve Bows, very neat faſhionable Feather and Sattin Muffs and Tippets,

*** To thoſe who have hitherto favoured me with their Cuſtom, I return my very ſincere Thanks, and ſhall be glad that any who have Dealings with me, upwards of Twelve Months ſtanding, will take an early Opportunity of paying me. I intend to tell Retail, at One Hundred *per Cent.* for ready Money. A Continuance of the Favours of my former good Cuſtomers, will oblige

Their obedient Servant,

(3w) JOSHUA JOHNSON.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Frederick, *Captain* Nicholſon, *and to be ſold by* Thomas Gaſſaway, *jun. or the Subſcriber*,

A CARGO of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, divided into Aſſortments of different Values, from 700 *l.* and upwards, to 1300 *l.* and upwards. The ſame will be ſold at a moderate Advance, for ready Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or ſhort Credit; the Purchaſer, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required. LEGH MASTER.

*** The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully conſidered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite ſatisfied, that in the Purchaſe and Importation of thoſe Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Aſſociation of this Province, unanimouſly conſented to their being landed, and diſpoſed of in ſuch Manner as I ſhould think proper. *L. M.*

November 12, 1769.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcribers, at *Piſcataway* Races, the 7th Inſtant, a cloſe well made dark bay MARE, 13 and an Half Hands high, about 6 Years old, branded on the near Side Æ but has ſeveral other Brands unknown, a ſprig Tail, her Mane hangs on the off Side, and ſhe trots and gallops: Alſo a bright bay HORSE, better than Three Years old, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, branded on the near Buttock I A, has a buſh Tail, his Mane hangs on the off Side, natural Pacer, goes eaſy, ſhod before, and one hind Foot white below the Foot-Lock. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Creatures, ſo as the Owners may get them again, ſhall have Five Dollars Reward, and if brought to *Alexandria*, Six Dollars.

CHARLES JONES,
(3w) WILLIAM GIBBS.

TALBOT County SCHOOL being now vacant, any Perſon who can produce proper Teſtimonials of his Qualification for that Truſt, will be treated with by the Viſitors.

Signed by Order,

THOMAS GOLDSBOROUGH, Regiſter.

To be ſold, for ready Money, on the firſt Day of January, *by* Mr. Charles Goldſborough,

ALL the Land that belonged to Mrs. *Elizabeth Adair*, in *Kent* County, Eaſtern Shore. The Sale to be at Mr. *George Lobarie's*, *New-Town-Cheſter*. The Quality need not be mentioned, as it is well known to be good. The Land adjoining, belonging to her Siſter, ſold at 3 *l.* 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per Acre. Capt. *John Poſey* is to attend the Sale. Mrs. *Poſey* being indiſpoſed, prevented his attending the Sale on the Firſt Tueſday in this Month, and the Sale at *Baltimore-Town*. (3w)

To be SOLD by Mr. John Metcalf, *living in* Frederick-Town Maryland, *at Twelve Shillings per Bottle*, PALMER's WATER, *for the ſafe, eaſy, and expeditious Cure of the* STONE *and* GRAVEL,

WHICH entirely diſſolves the Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys, and brings it away with all the Sand and gravelly Matter that may accompany it, without any Recourſe to the painful Operations of Cutting or Probing. On firſt taking this Water, the Outſide of the Stone appears in a red, ſlimy, and ſcaly Form, on the Sides and Bottom of the Veſſels receiving the Urine; but after taking it ſome Time, the Inſide itſelf of the Stone comes away gradually, of a Freeſtone Colour, either in ſmall Particles, or in Sand; and at laſt in a ſandy Subſtance. Thoſe who take this Water, are deſired, for their own Satisfaction, to ſave the Sediment of their Urine, for, as they ſee the Quantity of the diſſolved Stone that comes away increaſe, they will find their Pains and Complaints decreaſe in the ſame Proportion. This Water not only cleanſes the Veſſels but the Maſs of Blood, freeing it from all Acidities, ſo as to prevent the breeding of that tartarous Mucilage, from which proceed the Stone, Gout, Scurvy, Dropſy, and many other Chronic Diſeaſes. It likewiſe gives immediate Eaſe in all Pains ariſing from internal Ulcers, eſpecially thoſe in the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, and urinary Paſſages, which it ſoon cleanſes and effectually heals up. Perſons who feel Pain in the Back, Loins or Kidneys, attended with Difficulty, or Pain, in making Urine, Sickneſs of the Stomach, or Dimneſs in the Eyes, by taking but Three or Four Bottles of this Water, might ſoon be thoroughly convinced, that the Stone, or Gravel, is the Cauſe of their Complaints, which before, perhaps, they had ſpent much Time and Money to find out the Source of, to no Purpoſe, as has been the Caſe of many People lately cured by this Medicine. In theſe Complaints, ſome have taken ſuch violent Medicines, and ſuch immoderate Exercile, as to make the Stone come down ſo low, that nothing but Probing could give them Relief; whereas, by merely taking this Water, the Stone has been ſoftened and broke, and brought off in a ſhort Time, in Pieces of different Sizes, as may be ſeen by applying to the Perſons cured, who will juſtify the Truth hereof. What makes this Water more valuable, is the gentleneſs of its Operations, which is by Urine only, and the pleaſantneſs of its Flavour. It never palls or ſickens the Stomach, but rather creates an Appetite; and, what is very extraordinary, it requires no particular Diet or Confinement, ſo that the Patient may follow his Buſineſs as if he had taken nothing. It may be taken by Perſons ever ſo young or old; by thoſe of the moſt delicate Conſtitution, and even labouring under a Complication of Diſorders.

Perſons of undoubted Veracity, cured by this Stone-Water, will be made known, by enquiring of Mr. *Stephen Palmer*, the Proprietor, in *Warwick-Court*, *Holbourn*; or of Mr. *Robert Peacock*, at the *Golden Lion*, near *Somerſet Houſe*, in the *Strand*, whom Mr. *Palmer* has appointed (and him only) to diſpoſe of the ſame, with himſelf, Price Six Shillings a Bottle.

At the above Places may be ſeen, the various Sorts of Gravel and Sediments extracted by Means of the ſaid Water.

DIRECTIONS *for taking the* STONE *and* GRAVEL-WATER.

THE Patient muſt take Half the Quantity contained in one Bottle, mixt with an equal Quantity of White Wine, and as much Loaf Sugar as will ſweeten it to the Palate; the whole made Blood-warm, Two Hours before Breakfaſt; but, in Caſes of Extremity, at any Time when the Stomach is empty. In ordinary Caſes, it is to be taken every 24 Hours; but in great Pain, or where the Diſorder has been of long ſtanding, every 12 Hours; 'til the Patient finds himſelf eaſy.

N. B. To prevent Counterfeits, all the Bottles containing this Medicine, are ſealed with *Palmer's* Arms, with theſe Words round the Seal, PALMER's STONE-WATER.

The NAMES *of the Perſons cured by the* STONE-WATER.

MR. *Williams*, at the Green *Dragon*, *Fleet-Street*. A Child of Five Years old, recommended by Mrs. *Worlington*, at the Muſical-Clock, *Fleet-Street*.

"This is to certify, That I *Thomas Hurſt*, of *Retford*, in the County of *Lincoln*, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of *Rutland*, had Scorbuttic Eruptions on my Ears, and in my Neck, and on the back Part of my Head, and a violent Pain in my right Leg and Ancle, that I took a Water for about Six Weeks, made by Mr. *Palmer*, in *Warwick-Court*, *Holborn*, *London*; and that I am now clear and quite free from the Breakings out, and have no Pain in my right Leg and Ancle, I thought it a Duty incumbent on me to make my Caſe public, that others might have the ſame Relief, as well as myſelf, in the ſame Diſorder."

Jan. 13, 1769. THOMAS HURST.

"For Eighteen Years paſt I have been afflicted with that terrible Diſorder the Stone; I have had the Advice of many able Phyſicians, but found no Relief; by Chance, I met with a Bill of Mr. *Palmer's* (of *Warwick-Court*, *Holborn*,) Stone-Water, which ſo deſcribed my Caſe, I was willing to try it; happy it was for me, I found Relief from the firſt of my taking it. I continued it for ſome Time, and have paſſed with it a Quantity of diſſolved Stone that is not credible; it may be ſeen by applying to Dr. *Bevans*, in *Little Ailby-ſtreet*, *Hatton-Garden*."

"For Nine Years paſt I have been greatly afflicted with violent pains in my Stomach, and have had the Advice of ſome of the beſt Phyſicians in *England*, and, after taking almoſt every Thing within the Practice of Phyſic, without Effect, I was recommended to the Uſe of *Palmer's* Stone-Water, of *Warwick-Court*, *Holborn*; from the Application thereof, I found the Stone my Complaint. I have found Relief in my Diſorder, having voided large Quantities of Stone, and Matter ſeeming to be Stone diſſolved. At preſent I am free from Pains, which I have not been for many Years before. I therefore think it incumbent on me, for the Benefit of the Public, to make it known.

JANE BROOKBANK, *Widow to the Rev. Mr.* Brookbank, *Rector of* Stepney.

*** The Truth of this may be known, by enquiring at Mr. *Brookbank's*, Stationer, *Furnival's-Inn*."

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Dumfries, October 14, 1769.

RAN away laſt Night, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM POWELL, about 40 Years of Age, or upwards, born in ſome of the inland Counties in *England*, and ſpeaks very plain Engliſh, he is 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has ſhort dark gray Hair, writes a pretty good Hand, and has probably wrote ſome Letters, or made out a Paſs, as he is an artful Fellow; Had on, when he went away, a ſtrong Kerſey Jacket, or ſhort Coat, pretty much worn, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, too large for him, a Pair of *Aberdeen* ribbed Hoſe, and a Pair of good Country Shoes almoſt new. He has alſo taken with him, an old Suit of black Cloaths, ſome Stockings and Shirts, he left Word in the Kitchen that he was going to kill Ducks, ſo that he was not directly miſſed. It is very likely that he is either gone down *Patowmack* River, or got over to *Maryland*. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings him to me, ſhall be paid Five Pounds, if taken Twenty Miles, from thence, or upwards, and if nearer, Three Pounds.

(4w) RICHARD GRAHAM.

To be ſold by the SUBSCRIBER, *at his Store, in* South Eaſt *Street*, Annapolis,

MUSCOVADO Sugar of the firſt Quality, by the Barrel, or ſmaller Quantity, on very reaſonable Terms: Alſo the beſt Bohea Tea, Spermaceti Candles, Loaf Sugar, Chocolate, Allſpice, Salad Oil, genuine high ſcented *Straſbourg* Rappee, and *Scots* Snuff, excellent *Jeſuit's* Bark, *Turlington's* Balſam, *Daffy's* Elixir, Sago, Senu, Court Plaiſter, *Stoughton's* Bitters, *Britiſh* Oil, double Diſtilled Lavender Water, Spirit of Hartſhorn, Aloes, Flower of Brimſtone, and a few Bottles of the celebrated *Beaume de Vie*; with an Aſſortment of Dry Goods, among which are ſeveral Pieces of faſhionable Silks, Silk and Migonet Lace and Gauzes, which will be ſold cheap for ready Money.

THOMAS BROOKE HODGKIN.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Leaſe, for TEN YEARS,

THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in *Charles* County, on the Head of *Allen's* Freſh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, &c. ſtand, were condemned, and a Leaſe granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come—There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2 Tub Mills, and a Double-geered Under-ſhot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of Stones and 2 Bolting Clothes, all new and well fixed.——On the Premiſes are a good Dwelling-Houſe and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-Houſe, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and ſeveral Out-Houſes, it is likewiſe well ſituated for Cuſtom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Perſon that inclines to purchaſe, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving Bond and Security, if required, and paying the Intereſt annually; or, if on Leaſe, the Rent muſt be paid annually.

THOMAS CONTEE,
JAMES SWANN.

Dorcheſter County, *October* 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 29th Inſt. a yellow Negro Man, named FRANK, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, is a thick, well made, ſtrong Fellow, much given to Liquor, and is very impudent; he has a remarkable Scar on one of his Arms, occaſioned by the Bite of a Perſon he was engaged with in a Fight: Had on and took with him, a blue Fearnought Jacket, a *Welſh* Cotton, and a brown Cloth ditto, old Oſnabrig Shirt, a new ditto not made, Fuſtian Breeches, white Stockings and a new Pair of Pumps. Whoever ſecures ſaid Fellow, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive Five Dollars beſides what they are lawfully entitled to, from (7w) WILLIAM GRAY.

WILLIAM FARIS,
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
At the CROWN *and* DIAL, *near the Church, in* Weſt-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he has engaged Two exceeding good Workmen, (one of whom has been a Finiſher ſeveral Years to the celebrated Mr. *Allen*) and carries on the above Buſineſs in all their various Branches.——The Gold, Silverſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſs he ſtill carries on in the neateſt and beſt Manner.——He alſo executes any Orders he may be favoured with for Chair Work, having lately ſupplied himſelf with a good Workman, and has now for Sale, ſeveral Dozens of very neat black Walnut Chairs.——Thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to honour him with their Commands, may depend on being faithfully ſerved on reaſonable Terms, and with the utmoſt Diſpatch.——He continues to keep Tavern, having ſupplied himſelf with the beſt of Liquors, Hay and Oats, where Gentlemen will meet with polite Treatment, and the beſt Accommodations for themſelves and Horſes, from

Their very humble Servant,
WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives ready Money, and the beſt Prices for old Gold and Silver

A PARCEL of choice Doves and genuine Patent MEDICINES, juſt come to Hand, to be ſold on the loweſt Terms, by WILLIAM WILKINS, at *Annapolis*, for Account of Dr. JOHN SPARHAWK, of *Philadelphia*, viz. *Turlinton's* Balſam, *Walker's* Jeſuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Diſeaſe, all Weakneſſes of the Reins in both Sexes, however obſtinate, and from whatever Cauſe proceeding, likewiſe for the Stone, Gravel, and all ſcorbutic Caſes—Balſam of Honey for Conſumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breaſt; Elixir Bardana, for the Rheumatiſm and Gout; *Britiſh* Tooth-Powder, which preſerves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; *Anderſon's* Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly eſteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, reſtoring a good Appetite, and ſound Digeſtion; *Britiſh* Oil; *Daffy's* Elixir; Sugar Plumbs, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. *James's* Fever Powders; Dr. *Hill's* Eſſence for ſore Eyes, a ſure Remedy, greatly ſtrengthens and preſerves the Sight; *Bateman's* Drops; *Godfrey's* Cordial; *King's* Honey Water; *Locker's* Pills; Court Plaiſter; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glaſſes; Emeticks; Purges; Rhubarb; Powder of Jeſuits Bark; Iſinglaſs; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, *&c.* (3m)

STOLEN between the 24th and 28th of *October*, from the Subſcriber, a ſandy colour'd Broad-Cloth Jacket, with Buttonholes on each Side and bound round with Worſted Binding, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, remarkable for having Spots of Paint in the Inſide of the right Knee; ſeveral good Bridles and Girths were alſo taken, and old ones left in their Place, with ſundry trifling Things tied in a Piece of black Cloth, and a Pair of Boots pretty much wore. It would be taken as a very particular Favour, if the Gentlemen who happened to be at Mr. *Reynolds's*, during the Races, would be kind enough to have their Negroes ſearched, as it is greatly ſuſpected ſome of them muſt have been concerned in the above.

Whoever can give Information of the above Theft, may receive Fifteen Shillings Reward, from

WILLIAM SMITH, Hoſtler to Mr. *Reynolds*.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Inſtruction of Youth, ſeverely felt by the Inhabitants of *Frederick* County, induces them to ſubmit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Conſideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earneſtly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all thoſe who wiſh to ſee Science flouriſh in every Part of *Maryland*.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Aſſembly to the Public School in *Frederick* County, being inſufficient to erect the neceſſary Buildings, it is propoſed by this Lottery, to raiſe Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To conſiſt of Three Thouſand TICKETS, *at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction*, viz.

1	Prize of	250	Dollars, is	250 Dollars.
1	- -	200	- - -	200
2	- -	125	- - -	250
2	- -	100	- - -	200
6	- -	50	- - -	300
8	- -	25	- - -	200
12	- -	15	- - -	180
40	- -	10	- - -	400
780	- -	4	- - -	3120
				900 Sterl. rais'd.

Prizes, 852
Blanks, 2148

3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the whole.

When the Tickets are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Six of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Meſſieurs *Jonathan Wilſon, Thomas Beowies, George Murdock, Joſeph Wood, Thomas Price, Caſper Shaaf, Charles Beatty, Samuel Beall*, jun. *Normand Bruce, Andrew Haugh, Eneas Campbell, Chriſtopher Edelin, John Cary, Lodowick Weltner, Peter Groſh, Thomas Neill, Nicholas Tice, Samuel Hughes, Thomas Johns*, and *James Brand*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money paſſing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the ſame to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

*** TICKETS *to be had of any of the Managers, and at the* Printing-Office, *in* Annapolis.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

October 26, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, laſt Sunday Night, an *Engliſh* Convict Servant Man, named JESSE JORDAN, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has a pale Complexion, gray Eyes, light fair ſhort Hair, and is by Trade a Shoemaker. Had on, an Oſnabrig Shirt, red Breeches, with Trouſers over them, Two Jackets, the Under one a knit ſcarlet, the other a blue flower'd Serge; he alſo took with him his Shoemakers Tools, and a ſorrel Horſe, about 14 Hands high, with a white Blaze down his Face, and an old Saddle and Bridle; it is ſuppoſed he had a Companion with him, as the Subſcriber has alſo miſſed a Horſe, branded on the near Buttock H. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant and Horſes, and brings them to the Subſcriber, living near *Annapolis*, if taken within the County, Forty Shillings for the Fellow, and Twenty for the Creatures, or if out of the County and brought home, Five Pounds Reward, paid by

JOHN HESSELIUS.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD *at the* PRINTING-OFFICE,
THE
MARYLAND ALMANACK,
FOR THE YEAR 1770.

CONTAINING many inſtructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Proſe and Verſe; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Diſorders incident to this Climate, *&c.* Price, as uſual, 5*s. per* Dozen, or Eight Coppers ſingle.

June 25, 1769.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of *Patuxent* River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; ſuch as fulling, dying and preſſing all Sorts of Clothes and Worſted Stuffs, ſcarlet and blue excepted, unleſs dyed before ſent to the Mill.—As the inſupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of ſmall Debts, from various diſtant Parts of the Country, muſt be obvious to every one; and as this expenſive Undertaking was begun and proſecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppreſſive Meaſures, lately adopted and purſued by the Mother Country, render it indiſpenſably neceſſary, for our own Well being, that every Individual ſhou'd manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors deſire the Money for fulling, *&c.* to be ſent by the Perſon who is to receive the Cloth, as it is abſolutely neceſſary to ſupport the Work.——All Perſons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finiſhed off in the beſt Manner, and with all poſſible Diſpatch; and to prevent Miſtakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requeſted to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) WILLIAM SCOTT.

To be SOLD, *by the Subſcribers, at their Store at* Pig-Point, *on* Patuxent *River by Wholeſale*,

ABOUT £. 950 firſt Coſt of Goods, for Current Money, Sterling Bills of Exchange, or ſhort Credit, on very reaſonable Terms.

STEWARD & NORRIS.

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769.

THE Subſcriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun Inoculation, at his Dwelling-Houſe, which ſtands diſtant from *Baltimore-Town*, Half a Mile, in a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Proſpect.——His Price as before, Two Piſtoles for Inoculation, and Twenty Shillings *per* Week for Board. And as the Sickneſs is ſo trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, *July* and *Auguſt* excepted.

I ſhall be obliged to thoſe who will favour me with their Cuſtom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,
HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Thoſe who intend coming, are deſired not to change their Manner of Diet, or uſe any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwiſe.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Kent-Iſland*, in *Queen-Anne's* County, on Monday *September* 25, a yellow Negro Man, named PILL, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a ſtriped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, ſtriped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Iſland, it is ſuppoſed he has made over for Thomas's Point.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall receive, if taken off the Iſland Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by JOHN COCKEY.

Annapolis, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM WILLIAMS, alias WAINRIGHT, a thick well made Fellow, about 5 Feet high, has no Beard, a full Face, fresh Colour, ſhort light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, ſtrip'd red and white Jacket, a ſhort brown ditto, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white thread ditto, a Stock and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth, with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white Border, good Shoes, Pumps, Brass Buckles, and a Half-worn Hat. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and ſo in Proportion for a ſhorter or longer Diſtance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by

WALT. STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

July 24, 1769.

RAN away laſt Night, from the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz. JOHN HILL an *Engliſhman*, about Thirty, or Thirty five Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own ſhort black Hair, he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Had on, when he went away, an Oſnabrig Shirt, Cronie Trouſers, old Cotton Jacket, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a *Scotſman*, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloath'd in the ſame Manner as *Hill*.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, ſhall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(tf) THOS. SAMS. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, an indented Servant, named JOHN BURRAGE, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the Weſt of *England*, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has ſhort black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surtout Coat, cut ſhort, Check Shirt, ſtriped Linen Trouſers, Caſtor Hat, and Country made Shoes.——Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and delivers him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

FRANCES KNAPP.

WILLIAM WHITCROFT,
GOLDSMITH *and* JEWELLER *in* Weſt-Street, Annapolis,

HAVING purchaſed the Servants lately belonging to Mr. *Knapp* with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Buſineſſes hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all ſorts of Clocks and Watches, in the beſt and moſt approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactneſs than uſual, they may depend on having their Work done in the moſt careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He alſo carries on the Goldſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſſes in the moſt extenſive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend that the utmoſt Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Eſteem, ſhall be his whole Study and greateſt Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

*** He gives the beſt Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore-Town, September 16, 1769.

BROKE Jail laſt Night about Eleven o'Clock, the following Priſoners, *viz.*

JACOB, a Negro, a ſhort thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he was formerly the Property of Mr. *Benjamin Welſh*, of *Anne-Arundel* County, and ſold to a certain *Hugh Scott*, of *York* County, in *Pennſylvania*; he is remarkable for having both his Ears crop'd, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured ſome where about Mr. *Welſh's* Plantations.

WILLIAM WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, he is a down looking Fellow, and had on an old Oſnabrig Shirt and Trouſers.

Whoever ſecures and brings back ſaid Priſoners, ſhall have Ten Pounds for both, or Five Pounds for each, paid by DANIEL CHAMIER,
(3w) Sheriff of *Baltimore* County.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE; Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s. 6d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 4*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.